

THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 212

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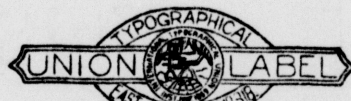
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THE NIGHT ON WHICH LINCOLN DIED

By Rev. William James.

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I was permitted to witness some of the sad scenes at the time the hand of the assassin brought Mr. Lincoln's wonderful life to a close, and I have been requested to chronicle what I remember of that eventful night. While pursuing my studies as a theological student near the close of the war, some desperate battles were fought, and many thousands of our men were wounded. The officials of the Christian commission at once issued a very earnest appeal, calling for volunteers to care for these wounded and dying men. The call was so urgent that I felt it to be my duty to respond immediately, and, laying aside my studies, in a few hours I reported for duty at the headquarters of the Christian commission at Washington.

I did not know but that I would be assigned for duty some miles distant in Virginia, near the outposts of the enemy, but it was finally decided to station me in one of the hospitals on the outskirts of the city. For about one month it was my privilege to minister in different ways, temporally and spiritually, to those sick and wounded men. The Christian workers were not required to spend the night at the hospital, but to devote only the daytime to their work, for a few well-trained and efficient nurses were on duty during the hours of the night.

A temporary frame structure, known as the barracks, had been erected as a lodging place for the members of the Christian commission, and this building was located only a few blocks from Ford's theater. We were in the city when the tidings of Lee's surrender was received. The announcement called forth many and varied expressions of delight, which were exhibited in manifold ways, by the raising of innumerable flags on all private and public buildings, the marching of joyful processions, the discharge of cannons and grand illuminations. The massive buildings of the patent office, the war, navy and other departments, with light reflected from innumerable tallow candles, placed in each small pane of glass, produced an effect which will never be forgotten by those who witnessed the sight.

It was during that eventful week that President Lincoln gave his grand speech, his last speech, from the portico of the White House, in the presence of the assembled thousands. As he gratefully referred to the close of war, and spoke of the future bright prospects of our country, each utterance that fell from his lips was long and heartily applauded, and so frequent, at times, were these expressions of approval on the part of our overjoyed people, that it was difficult for him to continue and complete his address.

The people all over the city were boiling over with joyful and patriotic enthusiasm. But who, at that time, in the midst of their exuberant demonstration of joy, thought that in a few hours their joy would give place to sadness and sorrow, and that clouds of midnight darkness would hang as a pall over the city and the nation. The night following I was sitting in the barracks of the Christian commission writing a letter to the dear ones at home, when suddenly the door flew open and a man rushed in and cried out, "President Lincoln has been assassinated at Ford theater."

I seized my hat and ran, and in about five minutes I stood at one of the doors of the theater, just as several men were bearing out the form of the dying president. The sad news had not yet spread through the city, and the crowd outside for awhile was not very large, but it soon increased in number as the people made their exit from the theater. For a short distance we accompanied those who were bearing the body, and perceiving that his head was hanging too low,

I placed my hand beneath, endeavoring to raise it a little. And as I walked across the street, and with my hand endeavoring to render a little service, I witnessed a scene that is forever indelibly impressed on my mind. I can see now before me the dying form of the president, as if it were but yesterday. The upper portion of his clothing had been pulled down by the physician or surgeon while in the theater, for at first they did not know what part of his body had received the fatal shot. He was gasping for breath, but not a sound came from his lips, while the blood trickled from the wound to the pavement. The question was asked, "Where shall we take him?" but there was very quickly a door thrown open opposite the theater, and when I reached the steps leading to the upper room, perceiving that the passageway was narrow, and that my services were not needed, and not wishing to intrude, I stepped back.

By that time an immense crowd had assembled, and strong men stood in the street and cried like children. Word then came that Secretary Seward had been assassinated, and that the foe had rallied and was marching into the city. The excitement and confusion were intense.

And the next morning when shortly after 7 o'clock, all the bells in the city began tolling, each stroke plainly saying "he is dead," it seemed as if each person in the city had lost a dear relative or friend.

A few days later the funeral service was held, and the large procession in which were General Grant and other famous generals and distinguished civilians wended its way to the capitol, slowly along the broad and beautiful Pennsylvania avenue, keeping step to the funeral dirges of several bands, while the avenue on either side was lined by many thousands of people. As I looked at the sad expressions of the people with tearful eyes, and at the private and public buildings heavily draped in black, I thought what a striking contrast between what I now heard and saw, and what I witnessed only a few days before, when the people were rejoicing so tumultuously in different ways over the victories that had so lately been achieved. How true the words, "We know not what a day may bring forth," and "in the midst of life we are in death."

I might append just here an appropriate incident in connection with what I have related, and show how a friend of mine at that time on account of mistaken identity, came near losing his life.

The day after the assassination, while diligent search was being made in all directions for the murderer, a well-known friend, at that time engaged in business at Washington, had purchased a railroad ticket, and taken his seat in the car on his way to New York.

Descriptions of Booth had been printed and extensively circulated. Unfortunately, there was some resemblance between my friend and the assassin, and, strange to say, my friend was in the theater when the fatal shot was fired. He had not been long seated in the car when he perceived a man standing near, gazing at him, while at the same time he cast occasional glances at a printed piece of paper that he held in his hand. He soon learned that he was being suspected and shadowed by a detective, and a few moments later he was informed that he had been placed under arrest. In the meantime a telegram had been forwarded to Baltimore, stating that the real assassin had been arrested, and was then on the train en route to the city.

The news spread like wild-fire, and by the time he reached the station, a fierce and angry mob, numbering several thousand had assembled. All of my friend's protestations to the offi-

cers who had him in charge, with the declaration of the fact that they had arrested an innocent man, and that he could prove his identity by friends living at Baltimore, were of no avail.

A regiment of colored troops had to be employed to take him in safety from the train, and he had to walk between them from the depot to the hotel, the soldiers protecting him with pointed bayonets from the attempted assaults of the mob, who cried: "Hang him! shoot him! kill him!" and our friend said he realized that had they succeeded in placing their hands upon him, his earthly life would

soon have terminated.

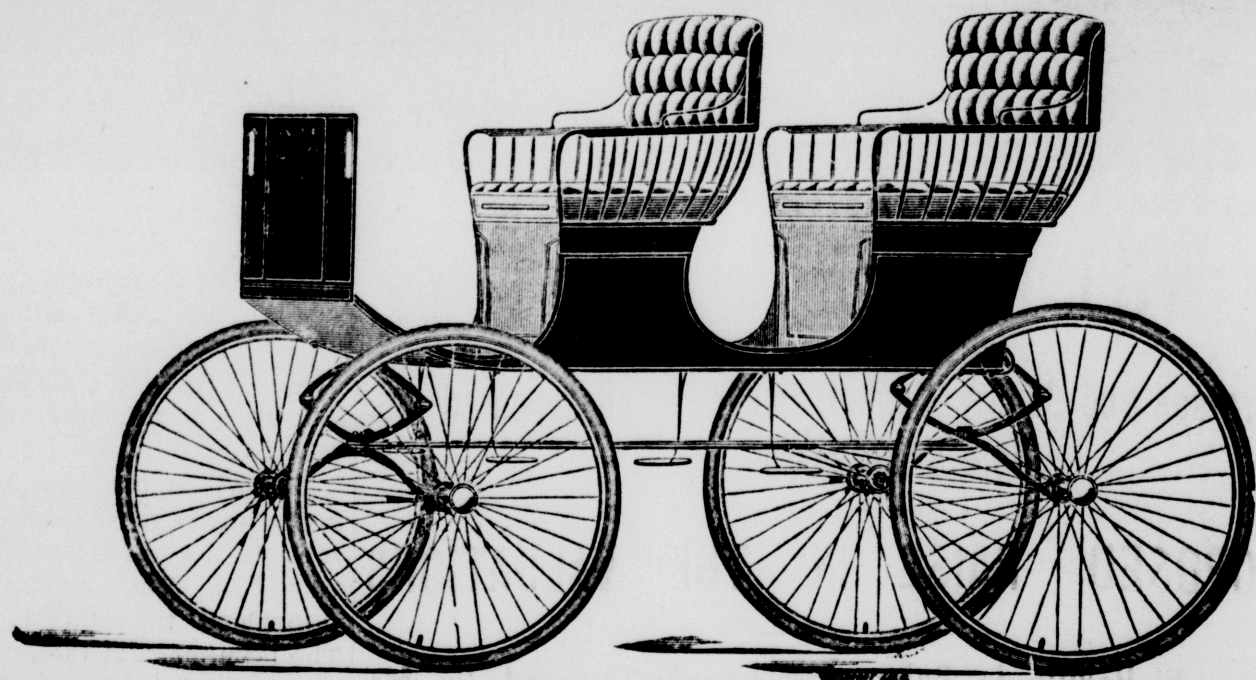
And even after his identity had been established, and his innocence had been publicly proclaimed, the crowd continued to remain in front of the hotel. And so intense was the excitement, that the officers did not dare escort my friend through the front vestibule of the hotel, but had to smuggle him through the rear door into a carriage and hasten with him to the railroad depot.

A few years after this narrow escape, I had the privilege of uniting this friend in marriage to the lady of his choice, with whom he enjoyed

many years of married life. This friend also subsequently became a very successful business man, and for a number of years he was an established resident of Brooklyn, N. Y. I am not intruding into the privacy of the family circle or betraying any confidence, if I here give his name—the late Frank L. Audemars, who had a host of friends in Brooklyn. Death recently claimed him as a victim—after a lingering illness—and only a few months ago I was called upon to officiate at the funeral service.

REV. WM. JAMES.
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If you have rheumatism in any of its forms take Tongaline and be cured. If you are suffering with sciatica or facial neuralgia, Tongaline will cure it. A few doses of Tongaline will prove its power to allay pain; if directions are faithfully followed, it will quickly and completely cure the diseases that cause the pain. Druggists everywhere sell Tongaline. A book of full information sent free if you write for it.

MELLIER DRUG COMPANY, St. Louis.

THE NIGHT ON WHICH LINCOLN DIED

By Rev. William James.

Copyright 1901, The Christian Herald.

I was permitted to witness some of the sad scenes at the time the hand of the assassin brought Mr. Lincoln's wonderful life to a close, and I have been requested to chronicle what I remember of that eventful night. While pursuing my studies as a theological student near the close of the war, some desperate battles were fought, and many thousands of our men were wounded. The officials of the Christian commission at once issued a very earnest appeal, calling for volunteers to care for these wounded and dying men. The call was so urgent that I felt it to be my duty to respond immediately, and, laying aside my studies, in a few hours I reported for duty at the headquarters of the Christian commission at Washington.

I did not know but that I would be assigned for duty some miles distant in Virginia, near the outposts of the enemy, but it was finally decided to station me in one of the hospitals on the outskirts of the city. For about one month it was my privilege to minister in different ways, temporally and spiritually, to those sick and wounded men. The Christian workers were not required to spend the night at the hospital, but to devote only the daytime to their work, for a few well-trained and efficient nurses were on duty during the hours of the night.

A temporary frame structure, known as the barracks, had been erected as a lodging place for the members of the Christian commission, and this building was located only a few blocks from Ford's theater. We were in the city when the tidings of Lee's surrender was received. The announcement called forth many and varied expressions of delight, which were exhibited in manifold ways, by the raising of innumerable flags on all private and public buildings, the marching of joyful processions, the discharge of cannons and grand illuminations. The massive buildings of the patent office, the war, navy and other departments, with light reflected from innumerable tallow candles, placed in each small pane of glass, produced an effect which will never be forgotten by those who witnessed the sight.

It was during that eventful week that President Lincoln gave his grand speech, his last speech, from the portico of the White House, in the presence of the assembled thousands. As he gratefully referred to the close of war, and spoke of the future bright prospects of our country, each utterance that fell from his lips was long and heartily applauded, and so frequent, at times, were these expressions of approval on the part of our overjoyed people, that it was difficult for him to continue and complete his address.

The people all over the city were boiling over with joyful and patriotic enthusiasm. But who, at that time, in the midst of their exuberant demonstration of joy, thought that in a few hours their joy would give place to sadness and sorrow, and that clouds of midnight darkness would hang as a pall over the city and the nation. The night following I was sitting in the barracks of the Christian commission writing a letter to the dear ones at home, when suddenly the door flew open and a man rushed in and cried out, "President Lincoln has been assassinated at Ford theater."

I seized my hat and ran, and in about five minutes I stood at one of the doors of the theater, just as several men were bearing out the form of the dying president. The sad news had not yet spread through the city, and the crowd outside for awhile was not very large, but it soon increased in number as the people made their exit from the theater. For a short distance we accompanied those who were bearing the body, and perceiving that his head was hanging too low,

I placed my hand beneath, endeavoring to raise it a little. And as I walked across the street, and with my hand endeavoring to render a little service, I witnessed a scene that is forever indelibly impressed on my mind. I can see now before me the dying form of the president, as if it were but yesterday. The upper portion of his clothing had been pulled down by the physician or surgeon while in the theater, for at first they did not know what part of his body had received the fatal shot. He was gasping for breath, but not a sound came from his lips, while the blood trickled from the wound to the pavement. The question was asked, "Where shall we take him?" but there was very quickly a door thrown open opposite the theater, and when I reached the steps leading to the upper room, perceiving that the passageway was narrow, and that my services were not needed, and not wishing to intrude, I stepped back.

By that time an immense crowd had assembled, and strong men stood in the street and cried like children. Word then came that Secretary Seward had been assassinated, and that the foe had rallied and was marching into the city. The excitement and confusion were intense.

And the next morning when shortly after 7 o'clock, all the bells in the city began tolling, each stroke plainly saying "he is dead," it seemed as if each person in the city had lost a dear relative or friend.

A few days later the funeral service was held, and the large procession in which were General Grant and other famous generals and distinguished civilians wended its way to the capitol, slowly along the broad and beautiful Pennsylvania avenue, keeping step to the funeral dirges of several bands, while the avenue on either side was lined by many thousands of people. As I looked at the sad expressions of the people with tearful eyes, and at the private and public buildings heavily draped in black, I thought what a striking contrast between what I now heard and saw, and what I witnessed only a few days before, when the people were rejoicing so tumultuously in different ways over the victories that had so lately been achieved. How true the words, "We know not what a day may bring forth," and "in the midst of life we are in death."

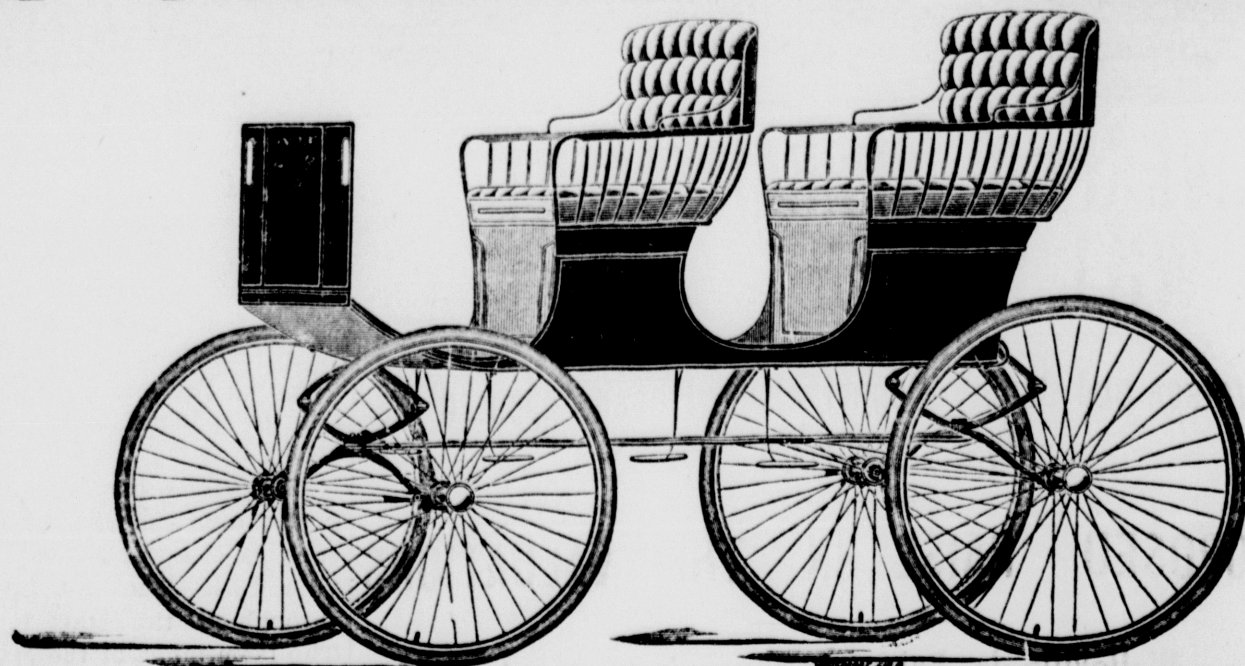
I might append just here an appropriate incident in connection with what I have related, and show how a friend of mine at that time on account of mistaken identity, came near losing his life.

The day after the assassination, while diligent search was being made in all directions for the murderer, a well-known friend, at that time engaged in business at Washington, had purchased a railroad ticket, and taken his seat in the car on his way to New York.

Descriptions of Booth had been printed and extensively circulated. Unfortunately, there was some resemblance between my friend and the assassin, and, strange to say, my friend was in the theater when the fatal shot was fired. He had not been long seated in the car when he perceived a man standing near, gazing at him, while at the same time he cast occasional glances at a printed piece of paper that he held in his hand. He soon learned that he was being suspected and shadowed by a detective, and a few moments later he was informed that he had been placed under arrest. In the meantime a telegram had been forwarded to Baltimore, stating that the real assassin had been arrested, and was then on the train en route to the city.

The news spread like wild-fire, and by the time he reached the station, a fierce and angry mob, numbering several thousand had assembled. All of my friend's protestations to the offi-

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East Market St., East Liverpool, O.

cers who had him in charge, with the declaration of the fact that they had arrested an innocent man, and that he could prove his identity by friends living at Baltimore, were of no avail.

A regiment of colored troops had to be employed to take him in safety from the train, and he had to walk between them from the depot to the hotel, the soldiers protecting him with pointed bayonets from the attempted assaults of the mob, who cried: "Hang him! shoot him! kill him!" and our friend said he realized that had they succeeded in placing their hands upon him, his earthly life would

soon have terminated.

And even after his identity had been established, and his innocence had been publicly proclaimed, the crowd continued to remain in front of the hotel. And so intense was the excitement, that the officers did not dare escort my friend through the front vestibule of the hotel, but had to smuggle him through the rear door into a carriage and hasten with him to the railroad depot.

A few years after this narrow escape, I had the privilege of uniting this friend in marriage to the lady of his choice, with whom he enjoyed

many years of married life. This friend also subsequently became a very successful business man, and for a number of years he was an established resident of Brooklyn, N. Y. I am not intruding into the privacy of the family circle or betraying any confidence, if I here give his name—the late Frank L. Audemars, who had a host of friends in Brooklyn. Death recently claimed him as a victim—after a lingering illness—and only a few months ago I was called upon to officiate at the funeral service.

REV. WM. JAMES.
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Neither age nor care has greater power to bend the frame than Rheumatism

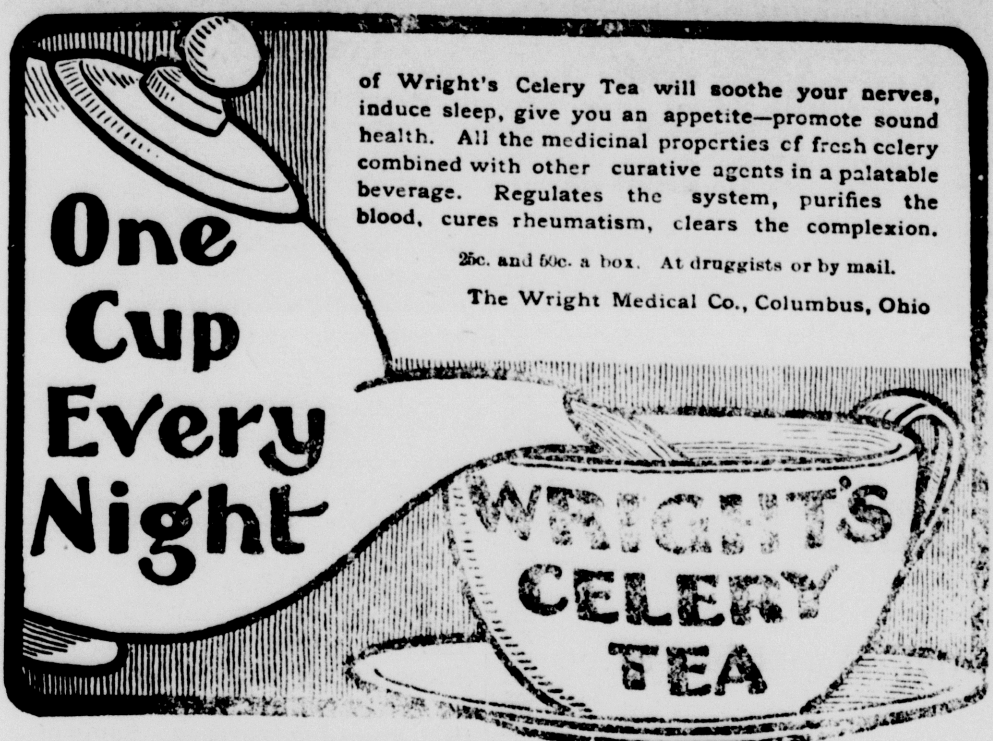
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MELLIER DRUG COMPANY, St. Louis.



of Wright's Celery Tea will soothe your nerves, induce sleep, give you an appetite—promote sound health. All the medicinal properties of fresh celery combined with other curative agents in a palatable beverage. Regulates the system, purifies the blood, cures rheumatism, clears the complexion.

25c. and 50c. a box. At druggists or by mail.

The Wright Medical Co., Columbus, Ohio

One Cup Every Night

WRIGHT'S CELERY TEA

SERVED NOTICE ON HANNA.

Teller Intimated Opposition Will Not Allow Shipping Bill to Come to a Vote This Session.

Washington, Feb. 16.—That the opposition to the shipping bill in the senate will not permit a vote to be taken on the measure at the present session was made clear during the closing hour of Friday's session.

At the conclusion of several hours consideration of the bill Mr. Teller, of Colorado, announced his purpose to prevent a vote at this session. In an impassioned speech he declared that he would not consent to any agreement to vote and that it must be evident to the advocates of the bill that no vote could be had.

The statement by the Colorado senator elicited a sharp response from Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, who insisted that despite the declaration of Mr. Teller the business of the senate would proceed in accordance with the wishes of the majority. Mr. Teller's statement also drew the fire of Mr. Chandler, of New Hampshire, who asserted that the position of the opposition was preposterous. Mr. Hanna, of Ohio, replied to Mr. Teller in a forceful speech, in the course of which he became impassioned in his denunciation of the methods employed by the opposition to defeat the measure. The advocates of the bill, he said, were honestly endeavoring to advance the best interests of the country, and he resented the insinuations against their honesty of purpose.

Prior to these remarks Mr. Perkins (Rep., Cal.) delivered an eloquent and forceful speech upon the bill, which attracted much attention. He supported the bill, particularly the idea of giving subsidies to American vessels, but pointed out what he believed to be defects in the measure. He attacked especially the provision for the admission of foreign built ships.

Earlier in the day the agricultural

appropriation bill was passed after being under discussion for nearly four days.

DAY WASTED IN HOUSE.

Cannon Led Filibustering and Caused Other Obstruction.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Under the leadership of Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, a long filibuster consumed the time of the house Friday. Mr. Cannon desired the house to proceed with the sundry civil appropriation, but was caught napping by the Democrats, who desired to devote the day to the consideration of private claims. It was the last day under the rules which could be devoted to claims at this congress, and notices had been sent out Thursday asking the Democrats to be in their seats Friday.

As a result Mr. Cannon was outwitted, but he kept up the fight all day, forcing roll calls for three hours and later filibustering in committee of the whole and winding up by making the point of no quorum against two small bills, favorably acted upon in committee. The net result was that the whole day was wasted.

A COMPROMISE PROPOSED.

McComas Was Trying to Arrange Sampson-Schley Controversy.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Senator McComas was making an effort to secure a compromise which will permit confirmation of the president's nominations advancing various officers of Admiral Sampson's fleet for meritorious conduct during the Spanish war. He suggested that all but Sampson and Schley be confirmed and that congress pass a resolution creating the grade of vice admiral, with the understanding that those two officers be given the position. Some opposition was made by supporters of Admiral Schley, who feared that he would not be given the senior position by the president.

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WROTE ALICE OF OLD VINCENNES.

For Some Years Before His Death, He Was Literary Editor of the New York Independent—Some Points of His Career—Fought In Confederate Army.

Crawfordsville, Ind., Feb. 16.—Maurice Thompson, the novelist, author of "Alice in Old Vincennes," died after an illness of many weeks. Mr. Thompson was born in Franklin county, Ind., Sept. 9, 1844. He was the fifth child of the Rev. Matthew Craig Thompson, a Baptist minister. While Maurice was still an infant the family moved to Kentucky, where they lived until he was 8 years old. They then moved to the mountain country of Georgia, where his youth and early manhood were spent.

As a boy Mr. Thompson's health was delicate. He fought through the Civil War in the Confederate army, and came back to Indiana to locate in Crawfordsville, where for a short time he practiced civil engineering. Giving up this he studied law and opened an office in Crawfordsville. He was for a time a law partner of General Lew Wallace. Here he met and married Alice Lee.

On quitting the practice of law he devoted himself to literary work. He was for some years before his death literary editor of the New York Independent, and besides writing a number of books was a frequent contributor to the magazines. Mr. Thompson always spent his winters in the south, either in Louisiana, Florida or at his old home in Georgia. At Tampa, Fla., last winter he contracted the grip, which brought on a return of his old lung trouble. After that his health failed. Last fall he broke down.

STREET CAR RAN AWAY.

Derailed In Pittsburg and About 25 People Were Hurt, Some Seriously.

Pittsburg, Feb. 16.—One of the worst accidents on the Consolidated traction line in years took place last night on Hamilton avenue, when a car, filled with 45 or 50 passengers, most of them women, ran off on a heavy grade, crashed into a curbstone and overturned. Between 28 and 30 people were injured and two are in a serious condition at the hospitals. The company maintains silence as to the cause. The miracle is that many lives were not lost.

It was asserted that the brakes failed to work.

Among the injured were these: E. L. Leble, aged 40, of 114 Rose-dale street, Brushton, dispatcher at Bunker Hill car barn; left leg broken, severe scalp wounds, face and arms cut; injuries serious.

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A. Abrahams, 31 Townsend street; rib broken; taken home in carriage.

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Unknown young man from Brushton; struck in face and badly cut; eye almost gouged out; took a car for home.

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New York, Feb. 16.—"The Carnegie Steel company, as such, has ceased

Backache.

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therefore to apply plasters and similar local treatments. A cure can only be effected when the cause of the ache is removed. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure the debilitating drains, the inflammation, ulceration and displacement which cause backache, side-ache, headache and many other aches and pains. "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol and is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics. It agrees with the most delicate persons.

"I took your medicine six months and I feel now like a new person," writes Miss Annie Stephens, of Bellville, Wood Co., W. Va. "I have no backache, no headache, no pain anywhere. I took seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and seven bottles of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I think there is no medicine like Dr. Pierce's. I can't speak highly enough of your medicine for it has done me so much good. I don't feel tired as I used to, nor sick. I feel well and think there is no medicine equal to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

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to exist except by courtesy."

This statement was made by a high official of the American Steel and Wire company. By this it was implied that all details for the transfer of control of that company to the Morgan syndicate had been completed and final announcement was due to matters effecting the other companies which it was believed will be taken in.

There were many rumors, one most persistently circulated being to the effect that certain Steel and Wire stockholders were demanding better terms than the syndicate may deem fit to grant. It was believed, however, that any difficulty in that quarter would be overcome.

Mr. Morgan's private office in the Mills building was the scene of another conference Friday, but no information bearing upon the combination was obtained there or from any other authoritative source.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail \$2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

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(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.

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Sold by Will Reed, druggist, East Liverpool, Ohio.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. **WILLIAMS' MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio**

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "Life Savers" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1 per box by mail. Sold by druggists. **MOTT CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio**

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Only 35c

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You are interested in securing first-class illumination, for reading, writing and like purposes. Think of the superb Welsbach light, completely, at only 35c.

Very handsome heating stoves. You should inspect them.

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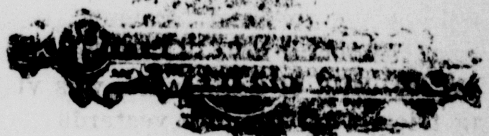
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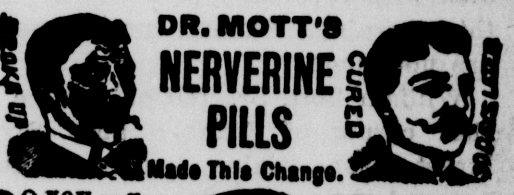
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| | Le. Lisbon. | Ar. N. Galilee. |
| No. 6..... | 2 35 p. m. | 3 40 p. m. |
| No. 40..... | 6 25 a. m. | 7 30 a. m. |
| | Le. N. Galilee. | Ar. Lisbon. |
| No. 2..... | 8 25 a. m. | 9 30 a. m. |
| No. 45..... | 5 10 p. m. | 6 05 p. m. |

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DO YOU suffer from Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emission, Shrunken or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Send by mail on receipt of price. **DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.**

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To take stock in **THE POTTER'S BUILDING AND SAVINGS COMPANY**

to get the

September Dividends.

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S. J. MARTIN, RESTAURANT,

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CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

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The Sanitary Reduction Co.

James Murphy, Manager, dispose of all refuse by incineration according to Board of Health regulations.

Bell Phone 373.



Women Who Work

Nine out of ten women are afflicted with some of the common ailments known as female diseases. Among women whose employment requires them to stand on their feet or sit in the same position all day, not one in twenty-five escape these troubles. The average feminine constitution cannot, unaided, withstand the strain to which steady, trying work subjects them. The organs of womanhood are so delicate and finely adjusted that the inevitable result of constant standing, lifting, stooping or straining is displacement of vital parts. The disorder is usually slight at first, but soon develops into irregular or painful menstruation, leucorrhoea or falling of the womb. Wine of Cardui is the right remedy for female weakness. As such it is offered to you. Wine of Cardui will not perform miracles, but it will, if taken as directed, insure painless and regular operation of the menstrual function. It will drive out every trace of leucorrhoea, and will so strengthen the ligaments that falling of the womb will be an impossibility. Don't you think it would pay you to try a medicine with such a record as that? You can get a \$1 bottle of Wine of Cardui at any drug store and use it in the privacy of your home.

WINE OF CARDUI

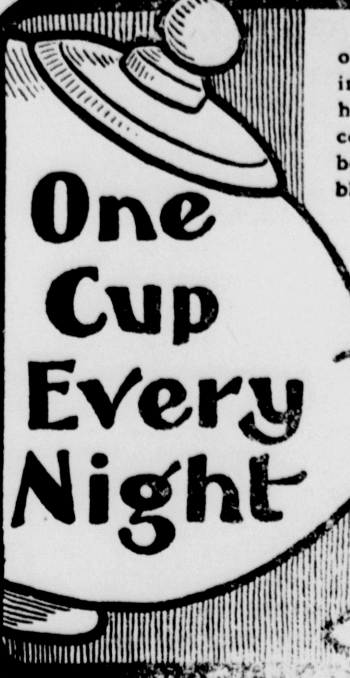
Townsend, Ga., May 18, 1899.

I have been in bad health with falling of the womb, weak back, nervousness and heart palpitation. At monthly periods I would be in bed suffering great pain. I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Theodor's Draught, and they have brought me wonderful relief. I have no pain, and

not stop work at the monthly period.

Mrs. LUCY SMITH.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.



One Cup Every Night

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Mr. Morgan's private office in the Mills building was the scene of another conference Friday, but no information bearing upon the combination was obtained there or from any other authoritative source.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Manhood, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail \$2.50 per box, 6 boxes for \$25.00, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH

(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.

Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by Will Reed, druggist, East Liverpool, Ohio.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Piles, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It is the only ointment that acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. **WILLIAMS' MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio**

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, Irrregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "Life Savers" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1 per box by mail. Sold by druggists. **MOTT CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, O.**

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

Welsbach Light

Only 35c

FOR COMPLETE OUTFIT.

You are interested in securing first-class illumination, for reading, writing and like purposes. Think of the superb Welsbach light, completely, at only 35c.

Very handsome heating stoves. You should inspect them.

Fancy Glassware for Welsbach Lights. Very artistic. All kinds of mantles, from 10 to 50 cents. It will pay you to call at the office of the

OHIO VALLEY GAS CO.,

No. 149 Sixth Street.

ACCIDENT?

Have you thought of the many accidents which have occurred in our midst in the last few weeks? Have you been prudent and protected your family as well as your estate, with insurance against injury or loss of life? If not call at our office and secure a policy in one of the Strongest Companies in the land. The cost is but a trifle when you consider the protection.

Geo. H. Owen & Co.

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, Both Phones 48.




Time-table effective Nov 28, 1900. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

| | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | Lv. Lisbon. Ar N. Galilee. | |
| No. 6..... | 2 35 p. m. | 8 40 a. m. |
| No. 40..... | 6 25 a. m. | 7 30 p. m. |
| | Lv N. Galilee Ar. Lisbon. | |
| No. 2..... | 8 25 a. m. | 9 30 a. m. |
| No. 45..... | 5 10 p. m. | 6 08 p. m. |

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALILEE

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

K. E. BARKER, General Passenger Agent.



DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

Made This Change.

DO YOU suffer from Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emission, Shrunken or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Send by mail on receipt of price. **DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.**

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Now is the Time

To take stock in **THE POTTER'S BUILDING AND SAVINGS COMPANY** to get the

September Dividends.

Or, we will pay 4 per cent. on money deposited on the **Savings Bank Plan.** Money deposited this way has over \$2,000,000.00 worth of security back of it. Call at

Cor. 5th and Washington Sts.,

From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., on Monday or Saturday evenings, From 7 to 9 p. m.

S. J. MARTIN, RESTAURANT,

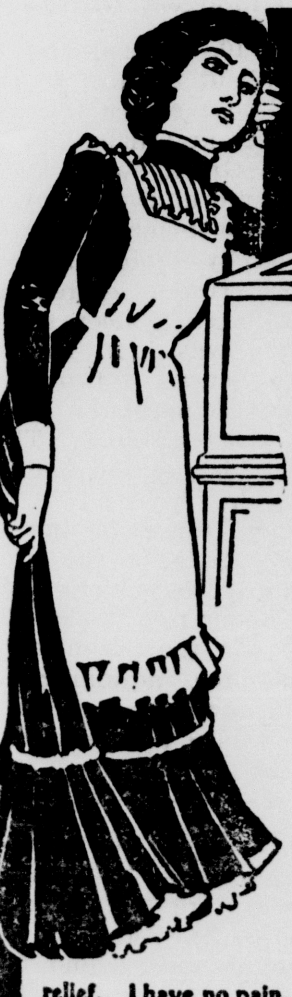
175 BROADWAY.

CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

The Sanitary Reduction Co.

James Murphy, Manager, dispose of all refuse by incineration according to Board of Health regulations.

Bell Phone 373.



Women Who Work

Nine out of ten women are afflicted with some of the common ailments known as female diseases. Among women whose employment requires them to stand on their feet or sit in the same position all day, not one in twenty-five escape these troubles. The average feminine constitution cannot, unaided, withstand the strain to which steady, trying work subjects them. The organs of womanhood are so delicate and finely adjusted that the inevitable result of constant standing, lifting, stooping or straining is displacement of vital parts. The disorder is usually slight at first, but soon develops into irregular or painful menstruation, leucorrhoea or falling of the womb. Wine of Cardui is the right remedy for female weakness. As such it is offered to you. Wine of Cardui will not perform miracles, but it will, if taken as directed, insure painless and regular operation of the menstrual function. It will drive out every trace of leucorrhoea, and will strengthen the ligaments that falling of the womb will be an impossibility. Don't you think it would pay you to try a medicine with such a record as that? You can get a \$1 bottle of Wine of Cardui at any drug store and use it in the privacy of your home.

WINE OF CARDUI

Townsend, Ga., May 18, 1899.

I have been in bad health with falling of the womb, weak back, nervousness and heart palpitation. At monthly periods I would be in bed suffering great pain. I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Theodor's Draught, and they have brought me wonderful relief. I have no pain, and not stop work at the monthly period.

Mrs. LUCY SMITH.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

HIGH GRADE

Decorator's Pencils,
All Artist's Supplies,
Water Colors,
Oil Colors,
Grays, Pastels,
AT

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We Mention a Few of Them Here.

At \$1.90 Each.

Choice of all our \$4, \$3.50 and \$3 French Flannel Waist for \$1.90 each.

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At Half Price.

Tailor Made Suits,
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Dressing Sacques,
Childrens' Wash Dresses,

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New Embroidered Swisses, from 40c to \$1.50 a yard.

New Waist Cloths, at 75c a yard.

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New Laces and Embroideries.

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"You say our friend insisted that he had a plan for a perpetual motion machine and a formula for converting base metals into gold?"
"Yes."

"I wonder what has become of him."
"If he stuck to his workshop, they have probably locked him up. But if he went out and organized a few stock companies he is no doubt rich and comfortable."—Washington Star.

All the News in the News Review.

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THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

16TH YEAR. NO. 212

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1901.

TWO CENTS

THE LIVERPOOL APPRAISEMENT WILL REMAIN JUST AS IT IS.

Colonel Watson and County Commissioner French Appeared Before State Board.

A PROPOSED RAISE IN THE VALUATIONS

At Salem and Wellsville Is Being Strenuously Opposed By Mr. French and Others.

HEARING TO BE HAD TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26.

A Columbus correspondent of the Salem Herald has the following to say respecting the action of the state board of equalization.

The proceedings will be of especial interest to the taxpayers of East Liverpool and the county:

Columbiana county cities were considered by the state board of equalization Thursday, but no changes were made in the values as returned to the state body by local boards.

County Commissioner Joseph French and Colonel W. C. Watson, a member of the East Liverpool board, appeared before the state board, and made strong arguments against any increase in values. The board agreed to pass East Liverpool without disturbing its valuation, but when Salem and Wellsville were taken up a stormy time followed. President Bates vacated the chair, and supported by many prominent members advocated adding 20 per cent of an increase to Salem and 10 per cent to Wellsville.

There is no question but that for the vigorous action of Commissioner French a resolution providing for these increases would have been adopted. Mr. French, while discussing the subject before the board, showed that he was familiar to a minute degree with the question at issue and he made a splendid impression. Questions were fired at him in rapid succession, all of which he answered readily and comprehensively. He also made a plea for a 5 per cent reduction in farm land values in Columbiana county and there is considerable assurance that this suggestion will be carried out by the board. Farm land has already been reduced 3 per cent in the county, but Mr. French deems this reduction insufficient.

East Liverpool was the first city up and was called at 10 o'clock. In this connection it may be pertinent to explain that the board treats cities and villages as units and does not adjust individual cases. The hearing brought out one thing which should serve as a note of warning.

East Liverpool has been passed without change and the thing to do now is to let well enough alone. If undue agitation follows it may result in an addition instead of a reduction, as there are many members who would much rather add to than take away from East Liverpool's returned valuation. In face of such a contingency, it is contended, the policy of lying low and saying nothing is the most prudent one as matters now exist.

Colonel W. C. Watson spoke first. He realized a reduction could not be had and he produced reasons showing why there should be no increase. He explained that the returns sent to the state board were less than when they left the appraiser's hands because the latter had made a number of errors which the local

board was obliged to correct. For instance, in some cases property was appraised as often as three times, showing gross incompetency on the part of the appraiser. Errors of this kind, he said, accounted in a measure for the abnormal increase on the tax duplicate. He said excessive taxation was driving pottery manufacturing plants out of East Liverpool, and referred to the new plants of this class lately erected in Chester, W. Va. A great many questions were asked Colonel Watson and in answer to one asking if he would agree to be satisfied if the valuation of the Crockery City was permitted to stand as it now is, he replied in the affirmative. The sense of the board seemed to be that this action in respect to East Liverpool was final, and unless something unlooked for turns up it will probably remain so.

Mr. French followed corroborating much of what Colonel Watson said, and explaining that while there was no disposition on his part to ask for a raise for East Liverpool it seemed to be inconsistent to request a reduction. He stated that the percentage of sales of property in East Liverpool showed that the appraisal was but 46 per cent of the selling value of the same, while in the county at large the percentage of sales exceeded 60 per cent. The board by a unanimous vote then passed East Liverpool as returned by the local board of equalization.

Salem and Wellsville were then called. The percentage in these cities is 36 and 38 per cent, respectively which is much below the average, a condition strikingly patent to a large number of the board. It kept the chairman busy recognizing members who wanted both cities increased and the sentiment seemed to be general that this should be done. As stated in the introduction, President Bates, leader of the board, took a hand in the debate and fought hard to have 20 per cent added to Salem and 10 per cent to Wellsville. He was backed up in this position by other strong members and it looked for a time as if his counsel would prevail. Commissioner French got the floor and in a persuasive and convincing style stemmed the tide.

He pointed out that the property owners in both cities ought to be given a chance to be heard and asked that action be postponed until they could get there. President Bates combatted this idea and said property owners were unwarranted in anticipating action by the board. Mr. French and Member McKinney, of Jefferson county, got together and formulated a plan which found favor with the majority of the board and the resolution to increase the values of Salem 20 per cent and those of Wellsville 10 per cent was lost. Tuesday, February 26, at 10 a. m. was fixed as a time for a hearing of the property owners of both cities.

Mr. French in urging that farm lands be reduced 5 per cent showed that the returned value is a higher per cent of their true value in proportion to the returns of villages and cities. This matter will be taken up when farm lands are under consideration, and there is a strong probability that the reduction asked for will be conceded.

The precise per cent of East Liverpool's appraisal based on actual sales is 45.9; of Salem, 36.41; Wellsville, 38.4. The average of cities throughout the state is 51 per cent. The farm lands of the state foot up to 57, but in Columbiana county the average is up to 65.92, which indicates the plea for a reduction is just.

PROBATE NEWS.

Several Wills Have Been Admitted And Some Other Business Done.

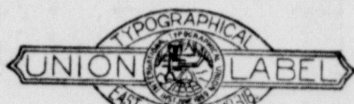
Lisbon, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The will in the estate of the late Dorth Doll, Unity township, was admitted to probate today. Charles Doll has been ordered to qualify as executor.

The will of Michael Cosgrove, late of Unity township, has been admitted to probate, and Attorney E. L. Lyon, of East Palestine, appointed executor.



This is our
Badge of
Honor.

Tested for 10 these many
years.



Backed by the
International Ty-
pographical Union



The will of Elizabeth Flower, late of Unity, was also admitted.

In the case of Charles L. Speidel, executor, versus Anna E. Speidel, the sale of property in Hanover has been confirmed.

Joseph C. Hamilton and Simon T. Wells were appointed executors of the estate of the late Mary Hamilton of Wellsville.

Louis Pahner, aged 47 years, a Salineville saloon keeper, and Mrs. Katherine Klein, also of Salineville, have been granted a license to wed.

MUCH INTEREST

Being Taken in the Meetings at the
First M. E. Church, And They
Will Continue.

The protracted meetings being held at the First M. E. church continue with unabated interest.

A splendid meeting was held last evening, a very large attendance being present. One conversion is reported, making the total for the week 34.

The services will be continued so long as they are attended by the success of the past.

Buchanan Is Worse.

Information received in this city this morning states that Attorney John M. Buchanan's condition is critical, he having had a hemorrhage at 3 o'clock this morning. There is now little hope for his recovery.

CITY COMMITTEE HELD A MEETING

And Arranged For the Primary to
Nominate a Local Republi-
can Ticket.

MARCH 16 IS THE DATE

And All Candidates Must Send
Names to the Clerk Before
Feb. 28.

NUMBER OF POSITIONS VACANT

The meeting of the Republican city central committee held at city hall last evening was well attended, and all preliminary arrangements were made for holding the city primary.

As it has been the custom to hold this election previous to the county primary, which occurs on March 23 this year, little time was consumed in the selection of March 16. Not so with the hours, however, as there seemed to be a difference of opinion with reference to this matter. After some discussion it was determined to fix the hours the same as was decided upon by the county committee. This will be from 1 o'clock to 7, city time.

Those who propose being candidates for the various offices must leave their names with the clerk of the committee, Joseph Betz, before 8 o'clock of February 28, in order to secure a place upon the ticket.

While the subject was up it was thought best to have the question of precedence in placing names upon the ticket settled, and so settled that there can be no objection on the part of the various candidates. It is now so arranged that the first candidate to present his name and declare his intentions to the secretary of the committee shall be first in the list of candidates for that particular office. This is a matter that has caused considerable dissatisfaction in the past, but it is thought this latter plan will meet with favor among the candidates.

When the various precinct committeemen reported on polling places it was at once apparent that the same old difficulty would be encountered in the securing of voting places. The precinct committeemen will endeavor to secure suitable rooms and report to the committee at the meeting February 28. There will be two voting places in each ward, excepting the Fifth, which never had but one.

There will be one vacancy in each of the five wards for council, and also for assessor. The others are as follows:

- One township assessor.
- Two justices of the peace.
- One constable.
- One township treasurer.
- One township trustee.
- One water works trustee.
- Three members board of education.

Among the Sick.

Mrs. Sheets is ill at her home in the West End with an attack of grip.

John Mountford is ill at his home on College street with an attack of grip.

The diphtheria patients at the Woods home on Third street have recovered and the house was fumigated today.

Clarence E. Douglass is confined to his home on Calcutta road with an attack of grip.

MARTIN BOWER FELL 14 FEET

Alighting on the Floor of a Kiln
at the McNicol
Pottery.

A BADLY SPRAINED ANKLE

Is the Only Injury That Has
Yet Developed From the
Accident.

THERE MAY BE BROKEN BONES

Martin Bower was injured at the D. E. McNicol pottery yesterday afternoon, and as a result he will be laid up for several weeks.

Bower is a kilnman, and with the balance of the crew was engaged in topping the last bung. Charles Price had ascended the steps, which are about 16 feet in height, and Bower was just behind. He had reached a point about 14 feet from the floor of the kiln when the bung spread, causing the steps to shake. Bower lost his balance and fell to the floor, but luckily alighted upon his feet. Otherwise he would have been badly hurt.

As it was he did not escape without a very painful injury to his left ankle, besides being otherwise badly shaken up.

The gentleman was unable to walk and the patrol was called. He was conveyed to his home on Jackson street and Dr. Laughlin summoned. The physician made an examination of the bruise and beyond the fact that it was a very bad sprain, was unable to tell the extent of the injury at the time. It may be that some of the bones are broken, but that will develop later.

The injured man is doing well today, although the member is giving him a great deal of pain.

AN EXTRA SESSION WILL BE CALLED.

Special to News Review.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 16.—President McKinley announces that a special session of congress will be called when the Cuban constitution is received.

New Name Chosen.

The sewer pipe combine, heretofore known as the American Clay Manufacturing company, with headquarters in the Second National bank building, Pittsburg, selected a new name at a meeting of stockholders at Trenton, N. J., recently.

The trust will henceforth be known as the American Sewer Pipe company. The company in selecting a name at the time of its organization under the laws of New Jersey in January of last year, infringed on the name of the American Clay Manufacturing company of Pittsburg, a Pennsylvania corporation, and by a recent decision of the supreme court decided that the combine had no right to the name.

Gone Home.

Miss Mary Madison, who has been working at East Liverpool for some time past, has returned home and is now employed at the tailoring establishment of C. M. Ware, Salineville.

THE NIGHT ON WHICH LINCOLN DIED

By Rev. William James.

Copyright 1901, The Christian Herald.

I was permitted to witness some of the sad scenes at the time the hand of the assassin brought Mr. Lincoln's wonderful life to a close, and I have been requested to chronicle what I remember of that eventful night. While pursuing my studies as a theological student near the close of the war, some desperate battles were fought, and many thousands of our men were wounded. The officials of the Christian commission at once issued a very earnest appeal, calling for volunteers to care for these wounded and dying men. The call was so urgent that I felt it to be my duty to respond immediately, and, laying aside my studies, in a few hours I reported for duty at the headquarters of the Christian commission at Washington.

I did not know but that I would be assigned for duty some miles distant in Virginia, near the outposts of the enemy, but it was finally decided to station me in one of the hospitals on the outskirts of the city. For about one month it was my privilege to minister in different ways, temporally and spiritually, to those sick and wounded men. The Christian workers were not required to spend the night at the hospital, but to devote only the daytime to their work, for a few well-trained and efficient nurses were on duty during the hours of the night.

A temporary frame structure, known as the barracks, had been erected as a lodging place for the members of the Christian commission, and this building was located only a few blocks from Ford's theater. We were in the city when the tidings of Lee's surrender was received. The announcement called forth many and varied expressions of delight, which were exhibited in manifold ways, by the raising of innumerable flags on all private and public buildings, the marching of joyful processions, the discharge of cannons and grand illuminations. The massive buildings of the patent office, the war, navy and other departments, with light reflected from innumerable tallow candles, placed in each small pane of glass, produced an effect which will never be forgotten by those who witnessed the sight.

It was during that eventful week that President Lincoln gave his grand speech, his last speech, from the portico of the White House, in the presence of the assembled thousands. As he gratefully referred to the close of war, and spoke of the future bright prospects of our country, each utterance that fell from his lips was long and heartily applauded, and so frequent, at times, were these expressions of approval on the part of our overjoyed people, that it was difficult for him to continue and complete his address.

The people all over the city were boiling over with joyful and patriotic enthusiasm. But who, at that time, in the midst of their exuberant demonstration of joy, thought that in a few hours their joy would give place to sadness and sorrow, and that clouds of midnight darkness would hang as a pall over the city and the nation. The night following I was sitting in the barracks of the Christian commission writing a letter to the dear ones at home, when suddenly the door flew open and a man rushed in and cried out, "President Lincoln has been assassinated at Ford theater."

I seized my hat and ran, and in about five minutes I stood at one of the doors of the theater, just as several men were bearing out the form of the dying president. The sad news had not yet spread through the city, and the crowd outside for awhile was not very large, but it soon increased in number as the people made their exit from the theater. For a short distance we accompanied those who were bearing the body, and perceiving that his head was hanging too low,

I placed my hand beneath, endeavoring to raise it a little. And as I walked across the street, and with my hand endeavoring to render a little service, I witnessed a scene that is forever indelibly impressed on my mind. I can see now before me the dying form of the president, as if it were but yesterday. The upper portion of his clothing had been pulled down by the physician or surgeon while in the theater, for at first they did not know what part of his body had received the fatal shot. He was gasping for breath, but not a sound came from his lips, while the blood trickled from the wound to the pavement. The question was asked, "Where shall we take him?" but there was very quickly a door thrown open opposite the theater, and when I reached the steps leading to the upper room, perceiving that the passageway was narrow, and that my services were not needed, and not wishing to intrude, I stepped back.

By that time an immense crowd had assembled, and strong men stood in the street and cried like children. Word then came that Secretary Seward had been assassinated, and that the foe had rallied and was marching into the city. The excitement and confusion were intense.

And the next morning when shortly after 7 o'clock, all the bells in the city began tolling, each stroke plainly saying "he is dead," it seemed as if each person in the city had lost a dear relative or friend.

A few days later the funeral service was held, and the large procession in which were General Grant and other famous generals and distinguished civilians wended its way to the capitol, slowly along the broad and beautiful Pennsylvania avenue, keeping step to the funeral dirges of several bands, while the avenue on either side was lined by many thousands of people. As I looked at the sad expressions of the people with tearful eyes, and at the private and public buildings heavily draped in black, I thought what a striking contrast between what I now heard and saw, and what I witnessed only a few days before, when the people were rejoicing so tumultuously in different ways over the victories that had so lately been achieved. How true the words, "We know not what a day may bring forth," and "in the midst of life we are in death."

I might append just here an appropriate incident in connection with what I have related, and show how a friend of mine at that time on account of mistaken identity, came near losing his life.

The day after the assassination, while diligent search was being made in all directions for the murderer, a well-known friend, at that time engaged in business at Washington, had purchased a railroad ticket, and taken his seat in the car on his way to New York.

Descriptions of Booth had been printed and extensively circulated. Unfortunately, there was some resemblance between my friend and the assassin, and, strange to say, my friend was in the theater when the fatal shot was fired. He had not been long seated in the car when he perceived a man standing near, gazing at him, while at the same time he cast occasional glances at a printed piece of paper that he held in his hand. He soon learned that he was being suspected and shadowed by a detective, and a few moments later he was informed that he had been placed under arrest. In the meantime a telegram had been forwarded to Baltimore, stating that the real assassin had been arrested, and was then on the train en route to the city.

The news spread like wild-fire, and by the time he reached the station, a fierce and angry mob, numbering several thousand had assembled. All of my friend's protestations to the offi-

cers who had him in charge, with the declaration of the fact that they had arrested an innocent man, and that he could prove his identity by friends living at Baltimore, were of no avail.

A regiment of colored troops had to be employed to take him in safety from the train, and he had to walk between them from the depot to the hotel, the soldiers protecting him with pointed bayonets from the attempted assaults of the mob, who cried: "Hang him! shoot him! kill him!" and our friend said he realized that had they succeeded in placing their hands upon him, his earthly life would

soon have terminated.

And even after his identity had been established, and his innocence had been publicly proclaimed, the crowd continued to remain in front of the hotel. And so intense was the excitement, that the officers did not dare escort my friend through the front vestibule of the hotel, but had to smuggle him through the rear door into a carriage and hasten with him to the railroad depot.

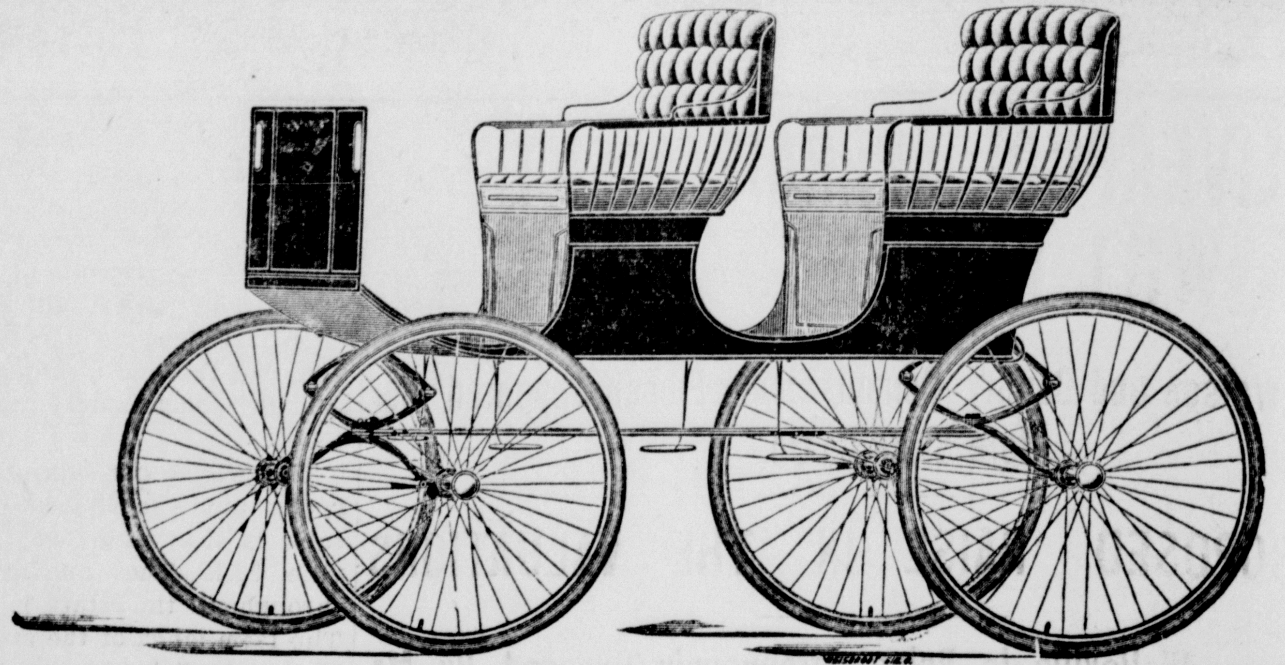
A few years after this narrow escape, I had the privilege of uniting this friend in marriage to the lady of his choice, with whom he enjoyed

many years of married life. This friend also subsequently became a very successful business man, and for a number of years he was an established resident of Brooklyn, N. Y. I am not intruding into the privacy of the family circle or betraying any confidence, if I here give his name—the late Frank L. Audemars, who had a host of friends in Brooklyn. Death recently claimed him as a victim—after a lingering illness—and only a few months ago I was called upon to officiate at the funeral service.

REV. WM. JAMES.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

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Neither age nor care has greater power to bend the frame than Rheumatism

Tongaline

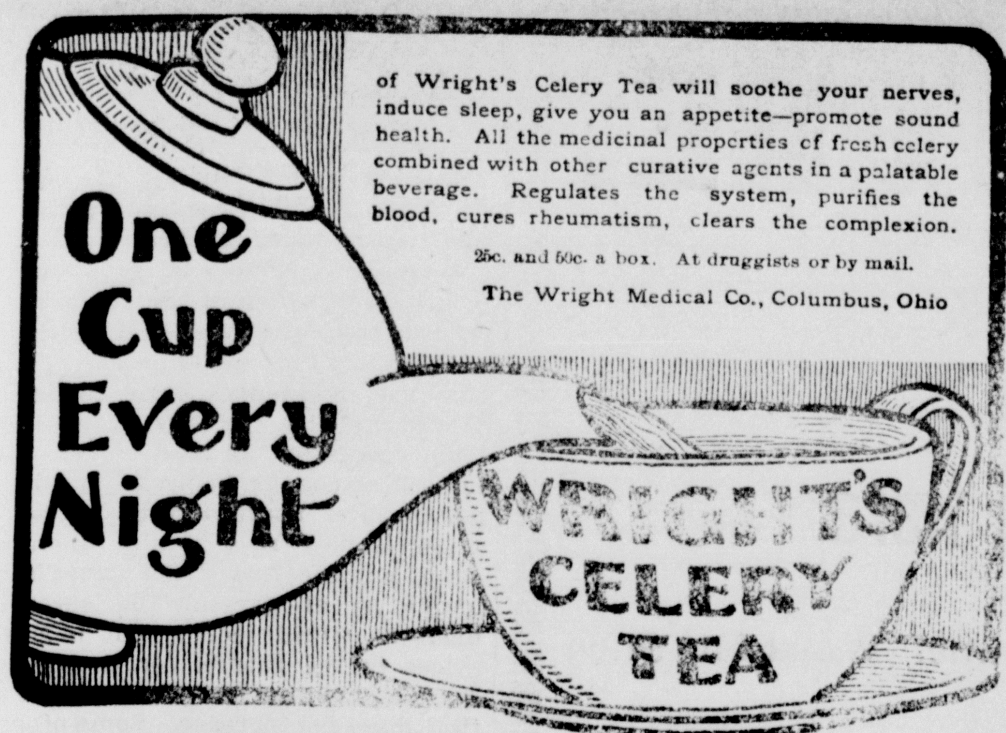
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makes the form supple and erect again through its power to cure



If you have rheumatism in any of its forms take Tongaline and be cured. If you are suffering with sciatica or facial neuralgia, Tongaline will cure it. A few doses of Tongaline will prove its power to allay pain; if directions are faithfully followed, it will quickly and completely cure the diseases that cause the pain. Druggists everywhere sell Tongaline. A book of full information sent free if you write for it.

MELLIER DRUG COMPANY, St. Louis.



of Wright's Celery Tea will soothe your nerves, induce sleep, give you an appetite—promote sound health. All the medicinal properties of fresh celery combined with other curative agents in a palatable beverage. Regulates the system, purifies the blood, cures rheumatism, clears the complexion.

25c. and 50c. a box. At druggists or by mail.

The Wright Medical Co., Columbus, Ohio

One Cup Every Night

WRIGHT'S CELERY TEA

SERVED NOTICE ON HANNA.

Teller Intimated Opposition Will Not Allow Shipping Bill to Come to a Vote This Session.

Washington, Feb. 16.—That the opposition to the shipping bill in the senate will not permit a vote to be taken on the measure at the present session was made clear during the closing hour of Friday's session.

At the conclusion of several hours consideration of the bill Mr. Teller, of Colorado, announced his purpose to prevent a vote at this session. In an impassioned speech he declared that he would not consent to any agreement to vote and that it must be evident to the advocates of the bill that no vote could be had.

The statement by the Colorado senator elicited a sharp response from Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, who insisted that despite the declaration of Mr. Teller the business of the senate would proceed in accordance with the wishes of the majority. Mr. Teller's statement also drew the fire of Mr. Chandler, of New Hampshire, who asserted that the position of the opposition was preposterous. Mr. Hanna, of Ohio, replied to Mr. Teller in a forceful speech, in the course of which he became impassioned in his denunciation of the methods employed by the opposition to defeat the measure. The advocates of the bill, he said, were honestly endeavoring to advance the best interests of the country, and he resented the insinuations against their honesty of purpose.

Prior to these remarks Mr. Perkins (Rep., Cal.) delivered an eloquent and forceful speech upon the bill, which attracted much attention. He supported the bill, particularly the idea of giving subsidies to American vessels, but pointed out what he believed to be defects in the measure. He attacked especially the provision for the admission of foreign built ships.

Earlier in the day the agricultural

appropriation bill was passed after being under discussion for nearly four days.

DAY WASTED IN HOUSE.

Cannon Led Filibustering and Caused Other Obstruction.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Under the leadership of Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, a long filibuster consumed the time of the house Friday. Mr. Cannon desired the house to proceed with the sundry civil appropriation, but was caught napping by the Democrats, who desired to devote the day to the consideration of private claims. It was the last day under the rules which could be devoted to claims at this congress, and notices had been sent out Thursday asking the Democrats to be in their seats Friday.

As a result Mr. Cannon was outwitted, but he kept up the fight all day, forcing roll calls for three hours and later filibustering in committee of the whole and winding up by making the point of no quorum against two small bills, favorably acted upon in committee. The net result was that the whole day was wasted.

A COMPROMISE PROPOSED.

McComas Was Trying to Arrange Sampson-Schley Controversy.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Senator McComas was making an effort to secure a compromise which will permit confirmation of the president's nominations advancing various officers of Admiral Sampson's fleet for meritorious conduct during the Spanish war. He suggested that all but Sampson and Schley be confirmed and that congress pass a resolution creating the grade of vice admiral, with the understanding that those two officers be given the position. Some opposition was made by supporters of Admiral Schley, who feared that he would not be given the senior position by the president.

NOTED AUTHOR DEAD.

Maurice Thompson Died In Indiana.

WROTE ALICE OF OLD VINCENNES.

For Some Years Before His Death, He Was Literary Editor of the New York Independent—Some Points of His Career—Fought In Confederate Army.

Crawfordsville, Ind., Feb. 16.—Maurice Thompson, the novelist, author of "Alice of Old Vincennes," died after an illness of many weeks. Mr. Thompson was born in Franklin county, Ind., Sept. 9, 1844. He was the fifth child of the Rev. Matthew Craig Thompson, a Baptist minister. While Maurice was still an infant the family moved to Kentucky, where they lived until he was 8 years old. They then moved to the mountain country of Georgia, where his youth and early manhood were spent.

As a boy Mr. Thompson's health was delicate. He fought through the Civil War in the Confederate army, and came back to Indiana to locate in Crawfordsville, where for a short time he practiced civil engineering. Giving up this he studied law and opened an office in Crawfordsville. He was for a time a law partner of General Lew Wallace. Here he met and married Alice Lee.

On quitting the practice of law he devoted himself to literary work. He was for some years before his death literary editor of the New York Independent, and besides writing a number of books was a frequent contributor to the magazines. Mr. Thompson always spent his winters in the south, either in Louisiana, Florida or at his old home in Georgia. At Tampa, Fla., last winter he contracted the grip, which brought on a return of his old lung trouble. After that his health failed. Last fall he broke down.

STREET CAR RAN AWAY.

Derailed in Pittsburg and About 25 People Were Hurt, Some Seriously.

Pittsburg, Feb. 16.—One of the worst accidents on the Consolidated traction line in years took place last night on Hamilton avenue, when a car, filled with 45 or 50 passengers, most of them women, ran off on a heavy grade, crashed into a curbstone and overturned. Between 28 and 30 people were injured and two are in a serious condition at the hospitals. The company maintains silence as to the cause. The miracle is that many lives were not lost.

It was asserted that the brakes failed to work.

Among the injured were these:

E. L. Lebie, aged 40, of 114 Rosedale street, Brushton, dispatcher at Bunker Hill car barn; left leg broken, severe scalp wounds, face and arms cut; injuries serious.

Mrs. Pearl Farmer, aged 44, of 6928 Kelly street, wife of John T. Farmer, a conductor, cut about shoulders and badly bruised, possible internal injuries.

Florence Farmer, her daughter, aged 25; face frightfully cut.

Alice Paull, aged 22, of 7601 Park street, Wilkinsburg; ghastly scalp and face wounds.

Bessie McAliese, aged 17, of 1145 South avenue, Wilkinsburg; shoulder badly fractured and face cut.

Mrs. Margaret Frank, aged 30, of 7922 Tioga street, Brushton; badly bruised; one rib probably broken.

Miss Lulu Martindale, aged 30, of 6803 Kelly street; lip badly cut and hand lacerated; danger of blood poisoning.

A. Abrahams, 31 Townsend street; rib broken; taken home in carriage.

Jacob Groggins, colored, aged 35, of 5 Moses row, near Hamilton avenue; badly bruised; may be hurt internally; taken home.

Unknown young man from Brushton; struck in face and badly cut; eye almost gouged out; took a car for home.

IS CARNEGIE CO. BOUGHT?

High American Steel and Wire Company Official Made a Significant Statement.

New York, Feb. 16.—"The Carnegie Steel company, as such, has ceased

Backache.

So many women suffer from it. It mars alike their hours of work and pleasure. Backache is generally a symptom of derangement of the delicate womanly organs. It is useless



therefore to apply plasters and similar local treatments. A cure can only be effected when the cause of the ache is removed. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure the debilitating drains, the inflammation, ulceration and displacement which cause backache, sideache, headache and many other aches and pains. "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol and is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics. It agrees with the most delicate persons.

"I took your medicine six months and I feel now like a new person," writes Miss Annie Stephens, of Bellville, Wood Co., W. Va. "I have no backache, no headache, no pain anywhere. I took seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and seven bottles of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I think there is no medicine like Dr. Pierce's. I can't speak highly enough of your medicine for it has done me so much good. I don't feel tired as I used to, no sick. I feel well and think there is no medicine equal to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

The Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

to exist except by courtesy."

This statement was made by a high official of the American Steel and Wire company. By this it was implied that all details for the transfer of control of that company to the Morgan syndicate had been completed and final announcement was due to matters effecting the other companies which it was believed will be taken in.

There were many rumors, one most persistently circulated being to the effect that certain Steel and Wire stockholders were demanding better terms than the syndicate may deem fit to grant. It was believed, however, that any difficulty in that quarter would be overcome.

Mr. Morgan's private office in the Mills building was the scene of another conference Friday, but no information bearing upon the combination was obtained there or from any other authoritative source.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Manhood

all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indigestion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail \$2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

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Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00 with our bankable guarantee to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by Will Reed, Druggist, East Liver

pool, Ohio.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and

F. Larkin

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and

F. Larkin

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Welsbach Light

Only 35c

FOR COMPLETE OUTFIT.

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Very handsome heating stoves. You should inspect them.

Fancy Glassware for Welsbach Lights. Very artistic. All kinds of mantles, from 10 to 50 cents. It will pay you to call at the office of the

OHIO VALLEY GAS CO., No. 149 Sixth Street.

ACCIDENT?

Have you thought of the many accidents which have occurred in our midst in the last few weeks? Have you been prudent and protected your family as well as your estate, with insurance against injury or loss of life? If not call at our office and secure a policy in one of the Strongest Companies in the land. The cost is but a trifle when you consider the protection.

Geo. H. Owen & Co.

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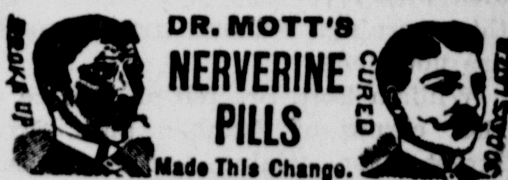
Time-table effective Nov 28, 1900. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| No. 6..... | Lv. Lisbon. Ar. N. Galilee. | 2 35 p. m. | 8 40 p. m. |
| No. 40..... | Lv. N. Galilee. Ar. Lisbon. | 6 25 a. m. | 7 30 a. m. |
| No. 9..... | Lv. N. Galilee. Ar. Lisbon. | 8 25 a. m. | 9 30 a. m. |
| No. 45..... | Lv. N. Galilee. Ar. Lisbon. | 5 10 p. m. | 6 08 p. m. |

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALILEE.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown and intermediate points.

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DR. MOTT'S NERVEINE PILLS

Made This Change.

DO YOU suffer from Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emission, Shrunken or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Send by mail on receipt of price. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and C. F. Larkin.

Now is the Time

To take stock in THE POTTER'S BUILDING AND SAVINGS COMPANY

to get the

September Dividends. Or, we will pay 4 per cent. on money deposited on the Savings Bank Plan. Money deposited this way has over \$2,000,000.00 worth of security back of it. Call at Cor. 5th and Washington Sts., From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., on Monday or Saturday evenings, From 7 to 9 p. m.

S. J. MARTIN, RESTAURANT,

175 BROADWAY. CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

The Sanitary Reduction Co. James Murphy, Manager, dispose of all refuse by incineration according to Board of Health regulations. Bell Phone 373.

Women Who Work

Nine out of ten women are afflicted with some of the common ailments known as female diseases. Among women whose employment requires them to stand on their feet or sit in the same position all day, not one in twenty-five escape these troubles. The average feminine constitution cannot, unaided, withstand the strain to which steady, trying work subjects them. The organs of womanhood are so delicate and finely adjusted that the inevitable result of constant standing, lifting, stooping or straining is displacement of vital parts. The disorder is usually slight at first, but soon develops into irregular or painful menstruation, leucorrhoea or falling of the womb. Wine of Cardui is the right remedy for female weakness. As such it is offered to you. Wine of Cardui will not perform miracles, but it will, if taken as directed, insure painless and regular operation of the menstrual function. It will drive out every trace of leucorrhoea, and will so strengthen the ligaments that falling of the womb will be an impossibility. Don't you think it would pay you to try a medicine with such a record as that? You can get a \$1 bottle of Wine of Cardui at any drug store and use it in the privacy of your home.

WINE OF CARDUI

Townsend, Ga., May 18, 1899. I have been in bad health with falling of the womb, weak back, nervousness and heart palpitation. At monthly periods I would be in bed suffering great pain. I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Theodor's Draught, and they have brought me wonderful relief. I have no pain, and not stop work at the monthly period.

Mrs. LUCY SMITH.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.



HIGH GRADE

Decorator's Pencils,
All Artist's Supplies,
Water Colors,
Oil Colors,
Crayons,
Pastels,
AT

**BULGER'S
PHARMACY.**

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Griffith, of Broadway, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Riley, Drury lane, a son.

Mrs. A. H. Bulger is seriously ill at her home on Sixth street.

E. W. Cole, of Pittsburg, was in the city on business yesterday.

Fred Jones will spend Sabbath with friends in Wellsburg, W. Va.

Mrs. Taylor Larkins, of Third street, is seriously ill with pleurisy.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Weaver have gone to housekeeping on Third street.

Three of those new cars for the street railway have arrived at Wells-ville.

Miss Emma Bennett, of Avondale street, is seriously ill with a complication of diseases.

Miss Maggie Goodman, of Helena, is preparing to erect a new eight-room residence near Klondyke.

W. M. Hill, of Salineville, was visiting friends in this city yesterday.

Mrs. R. E. Rayman entertained a small party of friends in a delightful manner on Thursday evening.

The household goods of W. H. Stevens were received at the freight station yesterday from Allegheny.

The Daughters of Liberty will hold a dance in the new Potters National bank building on next Friday evening.

Mrs. Ed Johnson left yesterday afternoon for her home in Augusta, O., after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. A. W. Scott.

John Daugherty, of Calcutta road, died with fever and pneumonia early this morning. Funeral arrangements are not made.

William Bott, Sr., fell on the ice at the corner of Franklin and Sixth street last evening, but fortunately escaped serious injury.

A new Italian bakery has been started on Pennsylvania avenue, East End, near the clay bank. This is the first business to start in the part being improved.

The household goods of Mrs. Richard Madden were yesterday shipped to Baltimore, Md. Mrs. Madden's daughter, Miss Gertrude Bradley, will leave for her new home at that place Tuesday.

James E. Ryan, assistant ticket agent at the passenger station, left this morning for Ravenna to attend a surprise party, which will be held on his sister at her home at that place this evening.

The river closed twice during yesterday, at 9 o'clock a. m. and at 1 p. m., but the ice started again, and if the weather continues as at present there is no danger of its freezing over. There is considerable ice passing down the river today and the Sunday boats will be unable to pass up. The marks this morning registered 5 feet and falling.

Died—On Thursday evening, February 14, 1901, at 7:30, at his home in New Cumberland, Bartley Campbell in the 56 year of his age, after an illness of less than a week, of pneumonia. Mr. Campbell came home on Friday evening one week ago sick, and continued to grow worse from that time until the end. The gentleman was well known in this city.

The BOSTON STORE.

Cleaning Up Odd Lots This Week

We Mention a Few of Them Here.

At \$1.90 Each.

Choice of all our \$4, \$3.50 and \$3 French Flannel Waist for \$1.90 each.

At \$2.00 Each

A lot of Ladies' and Children's Golf Capes that sold at \$5. Choice of the lot for \$2.00 each.

At \$1.00 Each.

A small lot of Ladies Colored Mercerized Satine Underskirts that sold at \$3 and \$4 each, for \$1 each.

At \$1.00 Each.

Still a few Fleece Lined Wrappers left that sold up to \$2 50 each, to be sold at \$1.00 each.

At Half Price.

Tailor Made Suits,
Ladies' Short Jackets,
Dressing Sacques,
Childrens' Wash Dresses,

} At Half Price.

Sale of Moquette Rugs.

A choice line of Moquette Rugs on sale this week, rich in colorings; and number one in quality. Three sizes of these, priced as follows:

18x36 priced at \$1.00. 27x64 priced at \$2.50. 36x72 priced at \$3.75.

You want to see these rugs they are considerably underpriced.

At \$3.00 Each.

A lot of \$5, \$6 and \$7 Plush Capes, 27 inches long, at \$3 each.

At \$5.00 Each.

A Lot of Separate Skirts that sold at \$7.50, \$10 and \$12.50 each, for \$5 each.

At \$3.95 a Pair:

A lot of Zanesville All Wool Blankets, away below price, at \$3.95 a pair.

At 70c a Pair.

A lot of P & N High Bust Dollar Corsets, in Drab, Black and White, to close out, at 70c a pair.

Ladies' \$1 Double V Corset Waists for 50c a pair.

Misses' 75c Double V Waists for 38c a pair.

Children's 50 Double V Waists for 25c a pair.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Dress Gingham, 7, 10, 12½, 15, and 25c a yard.

New Dimities, 8, 10, 12½, 15, 18, 22 and 2 c a yard.

New Mercerized Cottons, 25, 35 and 40c a yard.

New White Goods, 6½, 8, 10, 12½, 15, 20, 25c and up to \$1 a yard.

New Embroidered Swisses, from 40c to \$1.50 a yard.

New Waist Cloths, at 75c a yard.

New Wool Goods, from 50c to \$1.50 a yard.

New Laces and Embroideries.

New All Over Laces and Embroideries.

THE BOSTON STORE

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market.

LOW FARE TO WASHINGTON

For First Presidential Inauguration
of Twentieth
Century.

Excursion tickets to Washington will be sold via Pennsylvania lines March 1st, 2d and 3d, 1901, with return limit on all tickets including March 8.

The Inauguration of President McKinley on March 4th will be the first

event of that kind in the new century, and will attract notables from all over the country. The ceremonies will be impressive and the parade and festivities will be of an unusual character, interesting to all.

The trip to Washington may be made via Pennsylvania lines, at the low fares on through trains of modern railroad equipment. For details about fares and through services, apply to nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket agent.

One of the Two.

"You say our friend insisted that he had a plan for a perpetual motion machine and a formula for converting base metals into gold?"

"Yes."

"I wonder what has become of him."

"If he stuck to his workshop, they have probably locked him up. But if he went out and organized a few stock companies he is no doubt rich and comfortable."—Washington Star.

All the News in the News Review.

GOOD VOLUME OF TRADE.

Dun's Review Reported It So In Nearly All Parts of the Country.

New York, Feb. 16.—R. T. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, says in part:

Business continues of good volume in nearly all parts of the country and reports from the west and southwest of a satisfactory distribution of merchandise by jobbers begin to have a familiar sound. Heavy orders come from agents on the road. There is no important change in prices in any department of manufactured goods and some staples rise, while others decline, but the longer the situation remains as at present the surer the business world feels about a rise in prices in the future, for the demand for merchandise for prompt consumption does not increase. Some progress has been made in the direction of settlement of labor differences in the far west, and the temper of soft coal miners is more amicable, while there is little concern among steel interests over the sensational stories of organization at the mills to enforce demands for higher wages. The standard measures of business make favorable comparisons.

At some points there are evidences of an inclination to delay operations in iron and steel until something definite is known regarding the proposed combination, but this applies only to small undertakings, which are insignificant in comparison with the urgent dealings that cannot be postponed. Purchasers find difficulty in securing even approximate dates for delivery of goods in many products and mills are so far behind orders as a rule that no new contracts are sought. Structural material and railway supplies are in greatest request, numerous heavy orders being accepted this week at full prices. There is no inclination to shade quotations of finished forms, and pig iron at Pittsburg again advanced.

News regarding the textile manufacture is less encouraging, despite the fact that sales of wool at the three chief eastern markets rose to 6,972,600 pounds, far exceeding all recent records, and showing a gain of 960,600 pounds over the same week last year. It was at this time in 1900 that the movement commenced to fall off and the depression began which has continued ever since.

Wheat was advanced this week by reports of receipts at the mills unfit for grinding. Flour output at Minneapolis is much smaller than a year ago, and further decrease is expected. Atlantic exports of wheat, including flour, for the week, were 2,478,521 bushels, against 1,529,533 last year.

Failures for the week numbered 257 in the United States, against 218 last year, and in Canada 40, against 42 last year.

REBELS STRONGLY INTRENCHED.

When Americans Retired After Exhausting Ammunition, Insurgents Retreated.

Manila, Feb. 16.—Colonel Marcus D. Cronin and about 80 men of the Thirty-third regiment routed about a hundred insurgents at Candon, South Ilocos. Captain Green, with about 50 men, met a force of the enemy at Santa Maria. The insurgents, who were commanded by Tinio, had two cannon and were strongly entrenched behind stone walls on a steep mountain side. There was hard fighting for about three hours. When their ammunition was exhausted the Americans retired a short distance. Then Tinio abandoned his position and retreated southward.

Gold discoveries of some importance have been made in the province of Lepanto. Two miners made about \$3,000 in about two weeks. The mining prospects in the provinces of Benguet and Bontoc, adjoining Lepanto, were encouraging, but it is impossible to obtain a title to mining claims at present.

Women Destroyed Liquor In a Depot.

Goffs, Kan., Feb. 16.—Fifteen masked women broke into the Missouri Pacific freight depot here and destroyed 15 jugs of whisky and four kegs of beer. Breaking into a freight depot is a penitentiary offense, and the Missouri Pacific officials announced that detectives will be brought here to learn the identity of the women concerned in the affair so they may be prosecuted.